Lab 12: Review for final quiz

## By Julieth Santamaria

Data	Cross-section	Time Series	Panel Data
Models	OLS (lm)	OLS (lm)	Pooled (plm)
	LPM (lm)		F.E within (plm)
	Logit (glm)		R.Ebetween (plm)
	Probit (glm)		
Dependent	$Y_i$	$Y_t$	$Y_{it}$
Some possible controls	$X_i$	$t \\ Y_{t-1}, Y_{t-2}, \\ X_t, X_{t-1},$	$t \ X_{it} \ X_i \ X_t$
What causes bias?	Endogeneity	Endogeneity	Endogeneity
What causes problems on the SEs?	Heteroskedasticity Problem: C	Serial correlation ause SEs to be biased to Solution: Correct SEs.	Both wards zero.

## More on Endogeneity:

Type of endogeneity	Omitted Variables	Measurement Error	Reverse Causality
Definition	A variable $X_2$ is omitted and 1. $Corr(X_2, Y) \neq 0$ 2. $Corr(X_2, X_1) \neq 0$	You observe a noisy measure of $X_1$ , i.e., $X_1 = X_1^* + \eta$	$X_1$ explains $Y$ , and $Y$ explains $X_1$
Consequence	Bias $eta_1$ $\hat{eta}_1=eta_1+eta_2\delta$	Bias $eta_1$	Bias $eta_1$
	Where $\beta_2 \approx Corr(X_2, Y)$ $\delta \approx Corr(X_2, X_1)$	$plim \ \hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{\sigma_{X_1^*}^2}{\sigma_{X_1^*}^2 + \sigma_{\eta}^2}$	
Solution	Include the omitted variable	Find a better measure	Instrumental Variables

Other things to remember: multicollinearity, unit root, stationarity, Dickey-Fuller, t-tests, F-tests.